

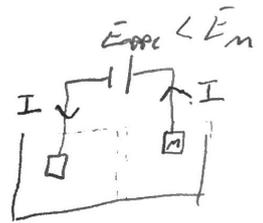
Elektro, Øving 10, Vegard G. Juvstad



Oppg. 2a) $E_{appl} = E_m \rightarrow \Delta E = 0 \rightarrow I = 0$

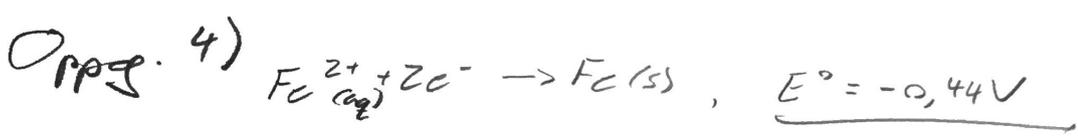
Elektroden er i likevekt med løsningen

2b)



Elektronretning: ↻
 Strømretning: ↻
 Dominerende specie: $M(s)$

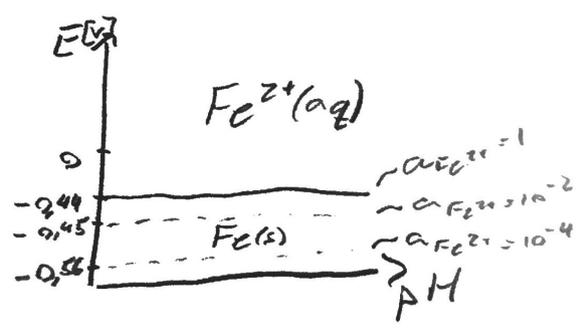
2c) $E_{appl} > E_m$, e^- -retning: ↻
 Strømretning: ↻
 Dominerende specie: $M^+(aq)$



$$E = E^\circ + \frac{RT}{zF} \ln a_{Fe^{2+}}$$

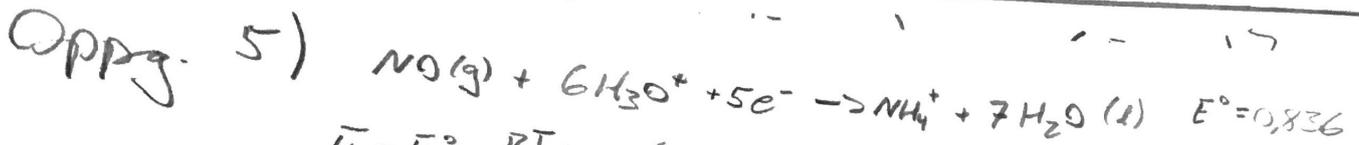
$$E(a_{Fe^{2+}} = 10^{-2}) = -0,45V$$

$$E(a_{Fe^{2+}} = 10^{-4}) = -0,56V$$



Ved høyt H_3O^+ eller OH^- ionegår i likevekt, dermed blir ikke stabilitet påvisket av pH.

Ved $E = -0,2V$ er Fe^{2+} dominant.



$$\bar{E} = E^\circ + \frac{RT}{5F} \ln a_{\text{NH}_4^+}$$

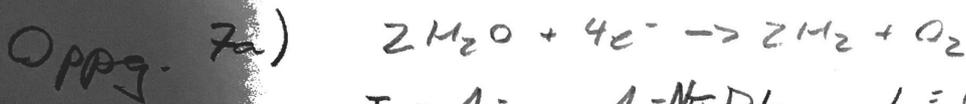
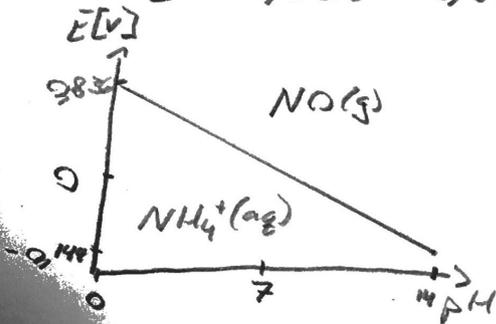
$$E = E^\circ + \frac{6RT}{5F} \ln(10) \log a_{\text{H}^+}$$

$$E = E^\circ - \frac{6RT \ln(10)}{5F} \text{pH}$$

$$E = 0,836 - 0,07 \text{pH}$$

$$E(0) = 0,836$$

$$E(14) = -0,144$$



$$I = A i, \quad A = N \pi D L, \quad L = \text{lengthe på elektrode}$$

$$I = 600 \pi L \text{ kA}$$

$$\dot{V}_{\text{H}_2} = \frac{1}{2} \dot{V}_{e^-} = \frac{I}{2F}$$

$$\dot{V}_{\text{H}_2} = \frac{\dot{V}_{\text{H}_2} RT}{P} = 0,242 L \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}}$$

$$\dot{V}_{\text{H}_2} = 871 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{h}} \text{ per meter elektrode}$$