

Termo, Øving 11, Vegard G. Jervell

T1) partielle molare størrelser varierer med molar sammensetning når andre parametre er konstante.

T2) Gibbs-Duhems for volum:

$$\sum n_i dV_i = 0$$

Brukes til å beregne endringer i ekstensive variable fra endringer i sammensetning.

T3) kolligative egenskaper:

- frysepunktsnedsettelse
- Damptrykksreduksjon

Eks: setning av veier.

T4) $F = Z - C + P$ Gibbs faserregel

1.1) varme tilført botten:

$$\dot{Q} = \dot{Q}_{tot} \cdot 0,07 = -700 \text{ kW/h}$$

For å fryse vannet kreves

$$\Delta h = C_p \Delta T = -408 \text{ J/g} \approx -408 \text{ kJ/t}, \quad \rho_{H_2O} \approx 1000$$

$$\Delta H = V \Delta h$$

$$t = \frac{\Delta H}{\dot{Q}} = 4 \text{ h}$$

$$2.2) \Delta_{\text{frys}} T = \frac{R (T_{\text{an}}^*)^2}{\Delta_{\text{frys}} h} X_{\text{ion}}$$

$$\Delta_{\text{frys}} T = 2 \text{ K}$$

$$X_{\text{ion}} = \frac{\Delta_{\text{frys}} h}{R (T_{\text{an}}^*)^2} = 9,7 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$X_{\text{ion}} = \frac{2 n_{\text{NaCl}}}{n_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}} \quad , \quad n_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = \left(\frac{V_S}{M} \right)_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$$

$$m_{\text{NaCl}} = n_{\text{NaCl}} M_{\text{NaCl}} = \frac{X_{\text{ion}} n_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} M_{\text{NaCl}}}{2} = 1,09 \text{ g}$$

2.3) ionene forblir i løsningen, konsentrasjon øker.

$$2.1) n_{\text{glen}} = \left(\frac{m}{M} \right)_{\text{glen}} = 0,28 \text{ mol}$$

$$n_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 55,6 \text{ mol}$$

$$X_{\text{glen}} = \frac{n_{\text{glen}}}{\sum n_i} = 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$P_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = X_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} P_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}^* = (1 - X_{\text{glen}}) P_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}^* = 0,995 \text{ atm}$$

$$\Delta_{\text{vfp}} T = \frac{R (T_{\text{vfp}}^*)^2}{\Delta_{\text{vfp}} h} X_{\text{glen}} = 0,14 \text{ K}$$

$$T_{\text{vfp}} = 100,14 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$2.2) \pi = C_2 RT, \quad C_2 = \frac{0,28 \text{ mol}}{10^{-3} \text{ m}^3}, \quad T = 298 \text{ K}$$

$$\pi = 6,96 \text{ bar}$$

$$3.1) \Delta S = S_w - S_w^\circ = S_w^\circ - R \ln\left(\frac{C_{\text{sat, w}}}{C_{\text{w, m}}}\right)$$

$$C_{\text{w, m}} = 54,9 \text{ kmol/m}^3$$

$$C_{\text{w, m}} = \dots \text{ Help pls...}$$

$$3.2) \Delta G = \Delta H - T \Delta S$$

$$\Delta H = 0$$

$$\Delta G = -T \Delta S$$

klarte ikke forrige oppgave, men bruker
fallsvar gitt i øvingen:

$$\Delta G = -29,8 \text{ J}$$

$$4.1) V_2 = 32,28 + 18,216 \sqrt{n_2} + 0,0222 n_2$$

$$= 32,28 + 18,216 \sqrt{n_2} + 0,0222 n_2$$

$$dV_2 = \left(\frac{9,1}{\sqrt{n_2}} + 0,0222 \right) dn_2$$

$$n_2 dV_2 + n_1 dV_1 = 0$$

$$dV_1 = \frac{n_2}{n_1} dV_2 = \frac{n_2}{n_1} \left(\frac{9,1}{\sqrt{n_2}} + 0,0222 \right) dn_2$$

$$V_1 = \frac{1}{n_1} \left(6 n_2^{3/2} + 0,011 n_2^2 + C \right), \quad n_1 = \frac{1}{5,8}$$

$$V_1(0) = C \rightarrow C = 18,1 \text{ ml/mol}$$

$$V_{M20} = 18,1 - 0,11 n_2^{3/2} - 0,0002 n_2^2, \quad n_2 = 1 \text{ M}$$